Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number:	<i>5</i> 0		
Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number: HO-C Name: #13041/MD 176000000000000000000000000000000000000	ESPRUN		
The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Maryland State Highway Administration as part of the Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with eligibility determinations in February 2001. The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, 2001. The bridge received the following determination of eligibility.			
Eligibility Recommended	AL TRUST Eligibility Not RecommendedX		
Criteria:ABCD Considerations:A	BCDEFGNone		
Comments:			
Reviewer, OPS:_Anne E. Bruder	Date:3 April 2001		
Reviewer, NR Program: Peter E. Kurtze	Date: 3 April 2001		

Just

NAME AND SHA NO.: 13041 LOCATION Road Name and Number: MD 176 over Deep Run X vicinity City/Town: Dorsey Howard County: Ownership: X State County Municipal Other Bridge projects over: _ Road _ Railway X Water _ Land Is bridge located within designated district?: _ yes X no ___ NR listed district __ NR determined eligible district __ locally designated __ other Name of District _ **BRIDGE TYPE** Timber Bridge __ Beam Bridge __ Truss-Covered __ Trestle __ Timber-and-Concrete __ Stone Arch Bridge Metal Truss Bridge Moveable Bridge __ Swing __ Bascule Single Leaf __ Bascule Multiple Leaf _ Vertical Lift _ Retractile _ Pontoon Metal Girder __ Rolled Girder __ Rolled Girder Concrete Encased _ Plate Girder _ Plate Girder Concrete Encased __ Metal Suspension _ Metal Arch Metal Cantilever X Concrete _ Concrete Arch _ Concrete Slab X Concrete Beam _ Rigid Frame _ Other Type Name ___

DESCRIPTION

Describe the Setting:

Bridge 13041 carries MD 176 (Dorsey Road) over Deep Run in the Dorsey area of northeastern Howard County. MD 176 runs in an east-west direction at this location; Deep Run flows southnorth. Situated between the Tidewater and Piedmont physiographic provinces, the bridge is surrounded by some wooded land and scattered residential and commercial development to the south.

Describe the Superstructure and Substructure: (Discuss points identified in Context Addendum, Section C)

Bridge 13041, a single-span concrete beam bridge, has a clear span length of 38' and an overall bridge length of 42'. The 40' wide clear roadway, covered with asphalt, carries two lanes of traffic. The open balustrade parapets are divided into three sections with 13 openings per section. Steel W-beam guardrails are attached to the ends of the parapets. The substructure consists of striated concrete abutments and flared wing walls with concrete caps.

Photographs dated January 1995 illustrate the deteriorated condition of the structure. The southern parapet, headwall, and girders all exhibit severe spalling and disintegrating concrete. The north elevation and the substructure, however, appear to be in relatively good condition.

A survey of historic concrete beam bridges undertaken by the Maryland State Highway Administration in the Fall of 1995 identified 113 bridges of that type located throughout the state. Slightly more than two-thirds (76) of that total were single-span bridges.

Discuss major alterations:

According to available documentary evidence, no significant alterations have been made to this bridge.

HISTORY

When Built: 1937

Why Built: Statewide road improvement programs and local transportation needs Who Built: State Roads Commission of Maryland, 1935 state standard specifications

Who Designed: Unknown

Why Altered: N/A

MHT NO. <u>HO-650</u>

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign?: No

This bridge was built during the Good Roads Movement era but was not one of the primary corridors slated for improvement.

SURVEYOR ANALYSIS

This bridge may have NR significance for association with:

_ A (Events) _ B (Person) _ C (Engineering/Architectural Character)

Was this bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history?

The improvement of Howard County roads most likely resulted from several events that occurred during the first three decades of the twentieth century. The original Good Roads movement was aimed toward improving the primary routes through the state as well as connecting roads between counties. A later impact of this crusade included the widening, straightening, and grading of secondary roads, and construction of new bridges to carry these rebuilt roads. Further, the rapid increase of automobile, truck, and bus traffic prompted the replacement of the existing narrow and weak bridges with new, wider, and stronger concrete structures. As time, labor, and money-saving plans created by the State Roads Commission (SRC), the establishment of district engineering offices during the 1910s and the development of standardized bridge designs also aided in the construction of modern bridges throughout the state. During the 1920s, emphasis of the SRC was on improving safety and comfort of main routes while building up the secondary roads and the farm-to-market network of feeder roads. By the 1930s, bridges believed to be adequate when initial road reconstruction was undertaken became unacceptable for modern traffic and many new structures were constructed.

When the bridge was built, and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

No, the construction of this bridge did not play an active role in the growth or development of this portion of Howard County.

Is the bridge located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation, and would the bridge add or detract from the historic and visual character of the possible district?

No, this bridge is not located within an area which is eligible for historic district designation.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

Yes, due to its apparent lack of major alterations and fair condition, this bridge stands as a significant example of its type.

Does the bridge retain integrity of the important elements described in the Context Addendum?

Yes, this bridge retains integrity of its character defining elements. Although recent reports indicate that the structure exhibits signs of age and wear, including cracking and spalling of the parapets, abutments, and wing walls, none of these character defining elements has been replaced or removed.

Is the bridge a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer, and why?

No, this bridge is not a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer. This bridge was most likely built to standard state specifications, which corresponded to the structure's span length and year.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made, and why?

No, this bridge should not receive further study.

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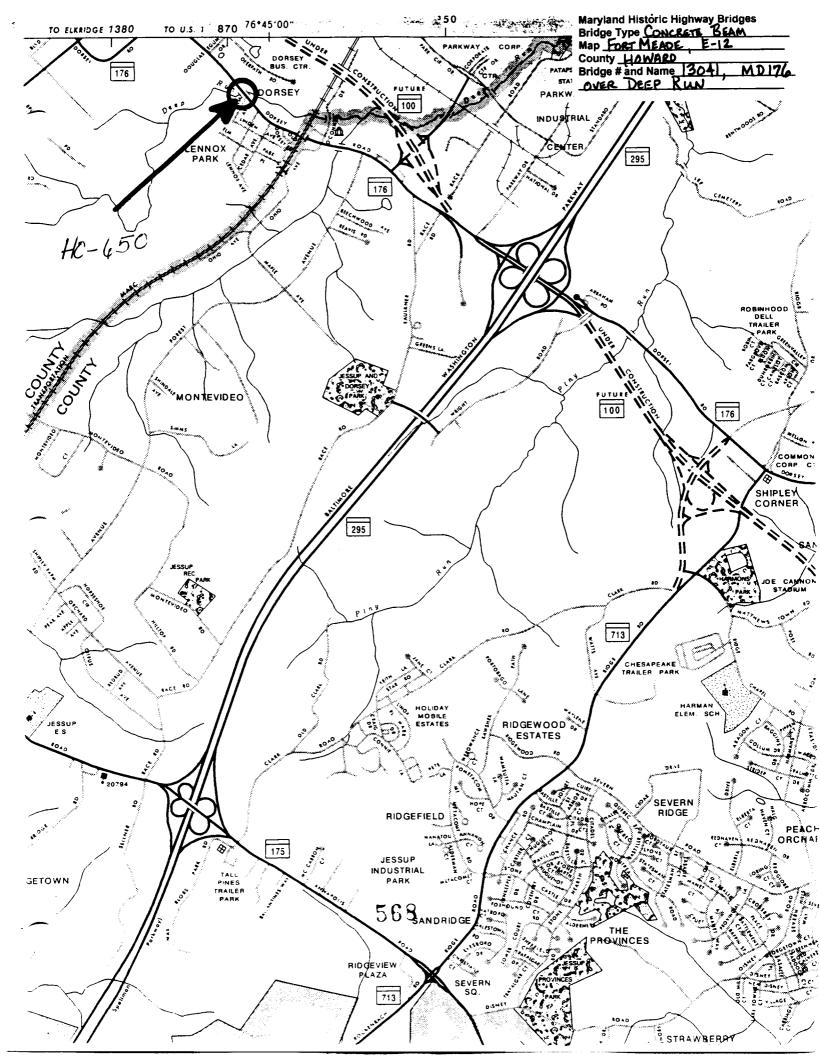
SURVEYOR INFORMATION

Name: Margaret A. Bishop and Michelle M. Lupien Date: 13 May 1996

Organization: KCI Technologies, Inc. Telephone: (717) 691-1340

Address: 5001 Louise Dr., Suite 201

Mechanicsburg, PA 17055





Inventory # Ho-650

Name <u>13041</u>	-MOITLOVER DEEP RUN
County/State	: HOWARD IMD
Name of Pho	otographer DAVID DIEHL
Date 2 9	5
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Location of	Negative SHA
Description	EAST APPROACE LOOKING
•	PORTH WEST
1	4
Number 29	of 32

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Inventory	#HO 650
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Name 13041 - MD 1760 VER DEEP KUN
County/State Howard / mo
Name of Photographer DAVID DIEHL
Date 295
Location of Negative SHR
Description WEST APPROACH LOOKING
SOUTH EAST
2 4
Number 30 of 32

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Inventory	#	40	-650
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Name 13041-MO 176 OVER (DEEPRUN	
County/State Howard	np	
Name of Photographer DRUID	DIEHL	
Date 2 95		
Location of Negative SNA		
Description South ELEVATOR	on Looking	
NORTH		
Number $\frac{3}{100}$ Number		

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Name 13041-MD 176 OVER DEEP RUN
County/State Howaro mo
County/state Rook to 11112
Name of Photographer DAVID DIEHL
Date 2 45
Location of Negative SHA
Description NORTH ELEVATION LOOKING SOUTH WEST
DUTH WEST
Number of 32